

THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

Born: Johnson Berie, 1759.
Died: William Pitt, 1806.
Gustave Dore, 1832.
Canon Kingsley, 1856.
Eugene Marie Cliche, 1888.

Opening of the first Royal Exchange, 1571.

HARRISON AND THE SOUTH.

Taking into account the tone of the letter which General Harrison wrote to the Georgia democrat on the southern situation, and the spirit of all that he has said on the subject before and since the election, there is no doubt that he will give some noteworthy attention to the matter in his inaugural address. There is no question of a political character to-day of more importance than the southern question—the suppression of nearly one-half of the vote of the south. A crime against the ballot which is intended to defeat the will of the people, is first cousin to the crime of murder. And yet this government has permitted this outrage to go on unpunished for years, and the stronger becomes the democratic party, the greater becomes the crime against the ballot. The southern democrats confess to the wholesale commission of election frauds in the south for the very purpose of defeating the republican ticket. The Gazette has several times produced figures to show to what extent the southern republican vote was suppressed, but the following figures from the New York Tribune will lend additional interest to the question:—“This unfair advantage—the suppression of the republican vote—not only extends to a representative in congress, but necessarily to the election of president. How great it is may be seen by comparing the official vote in a number of northern and southern states with the electoral vote of each. Divide the total vote of each state by the number of its electoral votes, and this is the number of votes represented by one electoral vote in the following states:

Pennsylvania	34,250
Indiana	19,250
Ohio	29,250
New York	36,250
Minnesota	37,012
Michigan	40,118

Applying the same process to the vote of certain southern states, we have the following as the number of votes represented by one electoral vote:

Alabama	17,511
Florida	10,250
Louisiana	14,450
Mississippi	12,925
Georgia	11,962
South Carolina	8,840

The force of these election frauds can be easily seen when it is mentioned that “one vote in South Carolina has as much power in the election of a president as five votes in Michigan or Wisconsin.” There is no man of any sort of honor who will say that this is right; and yet the democratic party in the south permits this thing to go on year after year, and the method is approved by the democratic party in the north. All reasonable democrats say this is a political crime, but for the sake of booming the democratic party they will not condemn such methods.

It is no wonder, then, that General Harrison thinks of giving the southern question prominent mention in his inaugural address. It is one of the living questions of the time. Protection to the ballot is quite as important as protection to the industry of the country. Robbing a man of his vote is not much lower in the criminal scale than robbing a man of his purse. A man's political liberty is worth quite as much as his freedom to earn his daily bread. And if a negro is made a citizen by the solemn declaration of the constitution, his citizenship is worth protection, and if it is the force of arms to secure that protection, it should be secured. But every attempt to wipe out this great evil in the south, has been followed by the democratic cry of “bloody shirt.” And if General Harrison should take the position in his inaugural address that this crime against the ballot should be stopped and that one vote in the south should count for no more than one vote in the north, the democrats and magwumps, which are one and inseparable, will start the howl of the republican president waving the “bloody shirt.”

AN UNFORTUNATE PRESIDENT.

Several weeks ago the Gazette printed an opinion of Mr. Cleveland given by one of his political friends—the Hon. Henry Waterson, of the Louisville Courier Journal. In all the list of presidents there was not one who was so much abused or disliked by his party friends as Mr. Cleveland. The harshest thing ever uttered against an American president has been uttered against Cleveland by the very men who used their great power last fall to elect him. There were a good many democrats who denounce Waterson for expressing his private opinion of the democratic president; but the more time wears away, the more firmly convinced is the average democrat that Waterson is uttering an undignified opinion of the president of the United States, but simply spoke words of truth.

The reason why Mr. Cleveland has so few friends, and why in the hour of defeat there is hardly one, not an officeholder, to tender him his sympathy, is given by his friend, George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger. He says: “I was ready to support him in the Ledger at the re-election until he sent to Congress his tariff measure. In its writing to my mind, he made a great mistake. There are points about Mr. Cleveland which display an utter want of tact. For instance, only lately, Daniel Dougherty lectured in Washington. No member of the president's household attended, and I know he felt hurt because Cleveland at St. Louis in an eloquent presentation, had displayed warm friendship for him. Then there is Mr. Singler, the editor of the Record. He supported Cleveland and contributed largely in money to aid his cause. Recently he was in Washington. He saw Mr. Cleveland, and when he came back

he confessed to me that he was a cold man.

Those who have done Mr. Cleveland the kindest service, are the men who he has snubbed the worst. Democratic members of congress do not care for him. He stands alone in the humiliation of his defeat. His loneliness comes of his stubborn will, selfishness, and coldness. It is not at all surprising then, that there will be something awful in the loneliness which will creep over Mr. Cleveland when he goes out of office forty-two days hence.

West Virginia is likely to be the field of lively and sensational times during the next hundred days. The democratic governor of West Virginia, E. Willis Wilson, announces that he is going to keep his office after his term is up, under the provision of the constitution that an official shall hold on until his successor is elected and has qualified. Mr. Wilson admits that General Goff is elected on the face of the returns, and the only bar to his taking office is that he has not qualified. The democrats have so far prevented this necessary step, that there will continue to do so by every means possible, practically overthrowing the popular verdict and instigating a revolution. General Goff says that March 4, when his term rightfully begins, he will take the oath of office, and if he is forcibly kept out of the state house, will call out the militia to help him, and if they fail to respond, will ask aid from the United States government. In this he will have the moral support of fair minded citizens of all parties.

The Rev. Anthony Swenson, of Detroit, is the first Swede to become a Roman Catholic priest since the reformation. Out of a population of 6,000,000 Sweden has only 2,000 Roman Catholics.

THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

The Important Bills Introduced at To-day's Session.

Governor Hoard Entertaining Prominent Members of the State Press.

SPECIAL to the Gazette, MADISON, Jan. 23.—In the senate this morning about a dozen bills were introduced; among the more important were the following:

Appropriating varying sums to several sub-contractors for materials furnished in the construction of the state university building.

To enable married women in certain cases to obtain from their husbands property support.

A bill to authorize county board of supervisors to allow a certain amount for expenses of county superintendents.

The senate claims committee recommended passage of a bill appropriating \$10,000 for stationery for the state.

In the house a bill was introduced providing for and preventing of incompetent persons commencing practice of medicine and for creation of board of examiners of seven members to be appointed by the governor; the penalty provided for violation is fine not to exceed \$500 nor less than \$100; also bill providing for the appointment by the governor of judge for superior court of Milwaukee in the event of vacancy existing at time of commencement of term of such judge and that any judge of circuit or county court having civil jurisdiction may have place in such court.

About half a dozen petitions, representing nearly eight hundred petitioners in Rock, Vernon and other counties, were presented, asking for more severe laws for houses of prostitution.

The Wisconsin Press Association met this forenoon, and listened to several interesting papers, among them one by Governor Hoard, on “Rates of Advertising.”

Mrs. Halsted was introduced just before close of session and made few remarks.

Governor Hoard will give a dinner this evening in honor of Mrs. Halsted, at which he will meet a number of Wisconsin editors, who are invited to participate of the spread.

SAPIENT PARAGRAPHS.

Law without justice is a wound without a cure.

Forced love must soon become moral hatred.

Riches have benefitted tens and ruined thousands.

Scolding wives, like bad clocks, are seldom in order.

Punctuality strengthens confidence and secures respect.

Rather be pierced by a dart than the tongue of a wife.

Most women act as if they were bound to wound, and not to heal.

The harsh language of an angry man is the mere sum of his soul.

Rum intoxicates the top; love, the amorous, and prosperity, the fool.

As a crowded stomach retards digestion, so does prosperity retard charity.

Whatever has been the fault of one woman may be the fault of another.

Most fashionable ladies are as diamonds, because they are more costly than useful.

The tongue of the slanderer is a deadly poison, and the voice of the scold gloomy.

The obedience of a wife to her husband is loyalty to a sovereign and submission to God.

It is easier to make a glass table pliable than to convince an obstinate woman she is in fault.

To neglect a wife's pleasure is to create a storm; but to grant her request is to remain tranquil.

THE TARIFF BILL PASSED.

THE SENATE DISPOSES OF THE MEASURE.

The Vote a Strict Party One—Secretary Bayard and the Samoan Troubles—Capital Gossip.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In the Senate Tuesday, among the various memorials presented was a ludicrous one presented by Mr. Vest, signed by a number of dentists, asking that a bounty of \$1 per tooth be allowed to American dentists “in order to encourage an honest industry, lower the cost to parents and encourage immigration of dentists from other parts of the world, thereby making a better market for the agricultural and other products of the country.”

The Senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Reagan to the wool section.

Mr. Coke expressed his readiness to vote to put wool on the free list, whenever all the bases of manufacturers were put on the free list. He stood by the Mills bill not because it was such a bill as he preferred, but because it represented the real foundations on which taxation should be levied and collected.

After remarks by Mr. Turpie against and by Mr. Harris for the amendment offered by Mr. Reagan, a vote was taken and the amendment was rejected—yeas, 22; nays, 31. Senators Brown and Payne voted no. Mr. Vance then moved a proviso that an article in the wool and woolen schedules should pay a rate of duty exceeding 75 per cent ad valorem. Rejected—yeas, 27; nays, 32. Mr. Brown voted aye and Mr. Payne no.

Among the principal amendments reported by the finance committee and agreed to were the following: Making the duty on tin plate \$1.50 per 1,000 feet; inserting after paragraph 209 the words “reels 10 per cent ad valorem, chain-cane 1 cent”; increasing the rate on saved mahogany, beads, etc., from 15 to 20 per cent ad valorem; reducing the duty on nickel wire, for the nickel thread contained, from 3 to 2 cents a pound, and on nickel in matter from 10 to 5 cents; reducing the duty on cocoa nutting from 10 to 8 cents a square yard, and on cocoa mats from 5 to 4 cents a square foot; inserting as a new paragraph (277), “sugar of milk, crude, 4 cents a pound, refined 8 cents”; and inserting the proviso to paragraph 152 so as to make it read “that all iron or steel wire valued at more than 5 cents a pound, instead of 10 cents, shall pay a duty of not less than 45 per cent ad valorem”; repealing the provision of law requiring an inspection stamp to be affixed to each box of imported cigars; placing watch jewels on the free list.

Mr. Sherman offered a proviso (which was agreed to) to paragraph 267, taxing fresh fish 4 cents a pound; that the duty shall not apply to fresh fish caught by citizens of the United States on the high seas or in the open waters of the lakes forming a boundary between the United States and Canada.

Reagan Proposes an Income Tax. Mr. Reagan moved to amend the bill by adding a section imposing an income tax of 3 per cent on incomes over \$1,000 up to \$5,000; 7 1/2 per cent on incomes up to \$10,000; and providing that the duties on cotton and woolen goods, on iron and steel, and the productions of iron and steel (including farmers and mechanics' tools) shall not exceed 40 per cent, and that salt shall be on the free list. Rejected—yeas, 20; nays, 33. Senators Brown, Payne and Fugh voting no.

Paragraph 412 (calfskins, etc.), was amended by increasing the ad valorem rate on sheep and goat skins from 20 to 25 per cent, and on skins for morocco from 10 to 15 per cent.

Mr. Stanford offered an amendment to a bill heretofore introduced by him to authorize producers of pure sweet wines, who are also distillers, to use, free of tax, the wine spirits necessary to fortify such pure sweet wines up to an alcoholic strength of 14 per cent. Agreed to.

Mr. Brown made another attempt to have duty on rice increased, but Messrs. Bate, Ferry, Blodgett, Cockrell, Coke, Faulkner, Harris, Jones (Ark.), Reagan, Turpie, Vest, and Walshaw voted with the Republicans against him.

The paragraph was finally amended, on motion of Mr. Aldrich, making the duty on cleaned rice 1 1/2 cents; uncleaned rice 1 cent; paddy, 3 cents; broken rice or rice flour, 4 cents.

On motion of Mr. Plumb an additional paragraph was inserted in the bill creating in the treasury department a customs commission, to consist of five members to be appointed by the president, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The five commissioners are to hold office two, three, four, five, and six years, respectively, not more than three of them are to be of the same political party, and their annual salaries are to be \$7,500 each.

On motion of Mr. Allison the date for the bill to go into effect was changed from Feb. 1, 1889, to July 1, 1889.

The Vote in Detail. There being no further amendments offered the vote was taken, first on agreeing to the substitute and then on the passing of the bill. Both votes were identical—yeas, 32, nays, 30—as follows:

YEAS.	PAIDOCK.
Aldrich.	Evarts.
Blair.	Fowler.
Bowen.	Frye.
Cameron.	Hawley.
Chace.	Hiscock.
Chandler.	Hoar.
Crittenden.	Isaacs.
Davis.	Jones (Neb).
Dwight.	Manderson.
Edmunds.	Mitchell.
	Norris.

NAYS.	PAIDOCK.
Bate.	Eustis.
Berry.	Faulkner.
Blackburn.	George.
Brown.	Gilson.
Butler.	Gorman.
Call.	Gray.
Cockrell.	Harris.
Coke.	Jones (Ark).
Colquitt.	Morgan.
Daniel.	Pasco.
	Wilson (Pa.)—32.

Mr. Riddleberger said that he had voted right along with the Republican party and with the finance committee for the bill. But there was nothing in the bill which would have justified him in voting for it after the adoption of the amendment of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. Plumb), presumably the customs-commission provision. Therefore, if he had not been paired and had not felt under an obligation to preserve that pair, he should not have voted for the bill.

The Senate at 5 p. m. adjourned.

Considering the River and Harbor Bill. WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The House by a vote of 109 to 106 decided to lay aside the Smalls-Elliott contested case and to take up the appropriation bill. The river and harbor bill was then considered in committee of the whole. The appropriation for continuing the improvement at Portage Lake, Mich., was increased from \$10,000 to \$20,000. The remainder of the session was taken up with filibustering motions by Messrs. Chandler (Ind.) and Bowden (Pa.) and with the discussion of an amendment offered by Mr. McAdoo (N. J.) to strike out the appropriation for Ahnae harbor, Wisconsin, which was finally lost.

MR. BAYARD AND SAMOA.

The United States Has No Treaty with Either England or Germany. WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Secretary Bayard's attention was yesterday called to the cross dispatch saying that “Germany has come to a definite understanding with the United States with regard to Samoa,” and in response he said:

“Of course I expect Germany to live up to her honorable engagements with the United States. I have no right to think otherwise. But you must know that these are matters I do not care to discuss in the newspapers.”

When asked in regard to the policy of this government he referred the question to the President's message to Congress on Jan. 15, and quoted from his letter to the German minister dated Jan. 12, recently published, as expressive of his own views upon the subject. The Secretary also alluded to the agreement entered into between Great Britain and Germany in April, 1886, defining the boundaries of English and German dominions in the West Pacific ocean, in which it is specifically declared that the Samoa islands are neutral territory. The United States, he explained, has no joint treaty with either England or Germany in regard to the neutrality of Samoa. Therefore, if Germany has interfered with the neutrality of that country she has not broken a treaty with the United States, but has broken one with Great Britain.

Utah's Right to Admission. WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Judge Wilson has concluded his argument before the House committee on Territories in favor of the admission of Utah. He argued that when a Territory had a population sufficient to entitle it to a representative in Congress, with the other conditions incident to a fixed population, there was a moral obligation resting on the Government to admit that Territory as a State. He declared that not 2 per cent of the present adult Mormon male population of the Territory have ever practiced polygamy, and that the tenets of the Mormon church required the people to obey the laws of the State. He maintained that Congress had full power to make such a compact with the proposed State as would secure the suppression of polygamy.

At the conclusion of his address Delegate Smith of Arizona proposed the committee in favor of admission. He spoke well of the Mormon people of Arizona and said they were law-abiding, honest, and good citizens.

Women Who Want to Vote. WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—At today's session of the Woman's Suffrage convention addresses were delivered by Harriet H. Shattuck of Massachusetts on the victory in Boston, Mary Wright Sewell of Indiana on “Woman in the Recent Campaign,” and by the Rev. J. Kent of this city.

CREAM OF THE NEWS.

Box Springs, Cal.—The Southern Pacific train from San Diego was wrecked. Fireman Thomas Carter was seriously scalded.

Knoxville, Tenn.—A convention was held to memorialize Congress to devote \$500,000 to the improvement of the Tennessee river.

Graham, Texas.—The Marlowes, who escaped during a terrible blizzard, have been captured after being shot nearly to pieces.

Winona, Minn.—Capt. S. D. Vandegard is on trial for violation of the steamboat laws in carrying an excursion without a permit.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—John Theodore Wuld, convicted of the murder of Lyman S. Weeks, has been sentenced to be hanged March 13.

Louisville, Ky.—J. Winter & Co., tailors, who have been fighting the union for a week, have acceded to the demands of the journeymen.

Raleigh, N. C.—Two hundred North Carolina confederate pensioners have petitioned the legislature for increased pension appropriations.

Montreal, Canada.—An engine crashed into a Grand Trunk train at a junction near here, killing an unknown woman and injuring five others.

Council Bluffs, Iowa.—Mrs. George Bronson was killed by a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy train. She leaves a husband and two small children.

Newton, Mass.—The Rev. Thomas Marcy, an aged Methodist minister who had lived with relatives here for several years, committed suicide by shooting. He was 73 years old.

Mannumskun Station, N. J.—Charles Lamphier, a well-to-do farmer, aged about 60 years, was found murdered in the woods near his cabin, on the line of the West Jersey railroad.

Lafayette, Ind.—The strike of brakemen on the Erie & Western road has been compromised. The men will hereafter be paid 2 cents a mile on through freights, and the third man is to be put back on way-trains.

Mankato, Minn.—Frederick Hickmont, a young English farm hand, was arrested at the instigation of officers of Aldrich, Ill. who want him on a charge of murder. He declares a case of mistaken identity.

Des Moines, Iowa.—In the case of the Iowa jobbers against the railroads for alleged discrimination in rates, Judge Brewer of the United States court, rendered a decision remanding it to the State court.

Savannah, Ga.—President Cleveland and Secretary Whitney have each given \$25 and Col. Lamont \$10 to the fund being raised by the Savannah newspaper men for the family of the late Elwin Martin, who died during the Jacksonville yellow-fever epidemic.

Omaha, Neb.—As J. H. Cole was on his way home late at night two men told him to throw up his hands. His dog, a huge mastiff, planted his teeth in the neck of one of the highwaymen. The fellow roared with pain and the other robber fled. The report of Cole's revolver as he shot at the first one caused the dog to release his hold, and the highwayman fled.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A Catholic colonization society with a capital stock of \$100,000, divided into \$4,000 shares, has been formed here. The object is to establish Catholic colonies in the South, engage in manufacturing, mining, lumbering, stock raising, etc. Large tracts of suitable land will be cultivated in Northern Georgia and Alabama.

Heavy Penalty for a Brute. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 23.—Patrick Bradley, charged with enticing young girls from their homes on the pretense of engaging them as domestics, was today sentenced by Judge Gordon to twenty-nine years and five months' hard labor.

FOR CALIFORNIA. In addition to first class round trip tickets to California and Pacific Coast points which are on sale daily, the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company has arranged a series of personally conducted one way second class excursions to California. Persons joining these excursion parties will be provided free of charge with completely furnished berths, including mattresses, curtains, blankets, pillows, etc., in new tourist sleeping cars which will run through without change from Chicago to San Francisco and Los Angeles, in charge of experienced conductors and porters the entire route. The cost of a second-class ticket covers every necessary expense except meals. For tickets and full particulars regarding rates and dates on which excursions will start, apply to Agents of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

The Finest Train in the World! Via Union and Central Pacific roads. Sixty-four hours from Council Bluffs or Omaha to San Francisco. A Pullman vestibuled train; steam heat, electric light, bath rooms, barber shop, library and dining car—a palace hotel on wheels is THE GOLDEN GATE SPECIAL, every Wednesday.

FULL WEIGHT PURE
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities. The Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in cases. PRICE MAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

ACCOUNT OF STOCK
IS TAKEN AT
WHELOCK'S
CROCKERY!
And House-Furnishing Goods store
And we find an over stock in some lines, so if you want special
Surprise Bargains!
Come in and interview us. Special low prices on
Printed Dinner Sets
\$8 00 up.
Chamber Sets
\$2 00 up. Tea Sets, Lamps of all kinds. New goods received since January 1st makes stock complete.

SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND AND TYPE-WRITING. ESTABLISHED FIVE YEARS. MISS E. L. WILLIAMS, Principal.

Typewriting, which is very necessary to a stenographer, is included in the shorthand tuition. Janesville Wis.

Official Reporters, Twelfth Judicial Circuit, Wisconsin.

SELLING OUT.

ARE YOU IN NEED!
—OF—
CLOTHING!

If so, do not delay, but come to us at once, WE WILL SAVE YOU 25 PER CENT.

And clothe you better than any other dealer can. As we wish to increase our stock of DRY GOODS, we must have more room therefor.

We Shall Clean Out our Entire Stock
Of fresh and new styles of Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods. We have Boys' Suits which we will sell you AT COST PRICE!

They are all New Goods and must be sold as we reserve nothing in the clothing department, and must have everything sold by March 1st, and in order to do this Clothing will go regardless of cost; and to help the boom along we have made

: : SWEEPING REDUCTIONS : :
in prices of all

Winter Dry Goods, Cloaks, Flannels, Yarns, Dress Goods, Table Linens, etc. We have also inaugurated a

SPECIAL SALE!
—OF—
EMBROIDERIES,

At lower prices than ever before quoted in Rock County. Buyers can expect great Bargains for the next thirty days, as every one knows, we always do as we advertise. Come at once and select your Bargains

CHICAGO BARGAIN STORE
Corner West Milwaukee and River Streets.

WANTED!
2,000 CASES '88

TOBACCO!

Bring in three bundles, [a fair sample of your crop] we are prepared to make you an offer.

CONRAD BROS., Main St

SELLING OUT.

G. COGSWELL & CO.

Are Selling Out Their Entire Stock as Fast as Possible

Retiring From Business, Sacrificing Prices.

WE QUOTE A FEW PRICES ONLY.

Ladies' \$5 00 Shoes, now \$3 50

Ladies' 4 00 Shoes, " 3 00

Ladies' 2 50 Shoes, " 2 00

Men's \$2 00 Shoes " 1 50

Boys' 1 50 Shoes " 1 00

Ladies' 2 50 Oxfords " 1 50

Ladies' 1 75 Opera Slips " 1 00

Children's 75 Shoes now - 50

Men's \$5 00 Shoes now \$4 00

Men's 4 00 Shoes " 3 00

Men's 3 00 Shoes " 2 25

Men's 6 50 Shoes " 5 25

COME EARLY.

Stock - and - Fixtures - For - Sale.

SELLING OUT.

MILWAUKEE CLOTHING CO.

OUR GREAT
REDUCTION SALE

Has proven a success—the people of Janesville and vicinity are taking advantage of our

Great Mark-Down Sale!
ALL OUR
OVERCOATS AND WINTER SUITS

For Men and Boys again reduced in prices. No dull times at the Milwaukee Clothing Co's. store. Leading clothing house of Janesville for

Fine Tailor-Made Clothing
Of our own manufacture, which we Retail For Cash at Wholesale Prices. Confidence in the merchant is confidence in his goods and prices. Reasonable people are satisfied to

GET "THE WORTH OF THEIR MONEY."

The Milwaukee Clothing Company by its straightforward, every day good value dealing has gained steadily the confidence of the people of Janesville and vicinity, until today

IT - STANDS - SECOND - TO - NONE therein. Your confidence will never be misplaced by coming to the

MILWAUKEE CLOTHING CO.
Myers House Corner, Janesville, Wis.

ALWAYS THE FIRST

TO SHOW
NEW GOODS

We place on sale Monday 100 pieces of the best quality

Genuine FRENCH Sateens,

we have every color and shade in both plain and fancies. It is a fact that every lady knows that the choicest of these goods are only to be had early in the season. Buy now when you can get the finest selections.

We show an elegant line of Wool Henriettas in the spring shades.

Exquisite spring colorings in 48-in. Camel's Hair dress goods at \$1 00.

We offer a case of double fold, all-wool Tricots and Flannels at 25 cents a yard.

We make a specialty

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly in advance, \$3.00. WEEKLY—Per year, in advance, \$1.50. WE PUBLISH FREE, Marriage, death and obituary notices, notices of church and society meetings, etc. WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES, Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue. (WE CHARGE FULL RATES, For cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.)

As the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when compared with other papers for local or display advertising.

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO. APRIL 18, 1888.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Impression books and type writer paper cheap at Sutherland's bookstore.

House and lot, on the corner of [illegible] and Holmes streets, for sale or rent. For particulars apply at Gazette office.

See the new line of colors in satins, latest shades, lowest prices at The Magnet.

Ladies' fleece-lined over shoes only 50 cents at the Bargain Shoe store.

The finest stock of albums in the city at Sutherland's bookstore.

For SALE.—An upright piano at a fair bargain. Enquire at 35 South Main street, after 4 o'clock p. m.

A new supply of ladies' pocket books and card cases at Sutherland's bookstore, Main St.

Special attention given to ladies and children's hair cutting and shampooing, also the latest styles of bangs at Anderson's No. 12 North Main St.

The Milwaukee Clothing Company's stock of Alaska seal caps, warranted London dye, turbans and Detroit shapes, are greatly reduced in price to close.

Bibles, prayer books and gold pens and holders at King & Skelly's book store.

Pork tenderloins and spare ribs extra fine at Court street market.

Arnold's genuine indigo blue German calico at 10 cents a yard.

BOBT, BAILEY & Co.

See our line of underwear, hosiery, or trimmings, lamps, crockery, glassware and notions of all kinds. We always have the latest things out.

THE MAGNET.

Raven Gloss shoe polish only 15c. Can you guess who sells it.

Look at our 48-inch camel's hair at \$1 a yard. All new shades.

BOBT, BAILEY & Co.

New line of ribbons in all the latest shades at "Right prices."

THE MAGNET.

All the wool tricots and flannels we offer at 25 cents, are the best bargains in dress goods in the city.

BOBT, BAILEY & Co.

Grand opening of embroideries and white goods at The Magnet.

If you want a dress buy it of Bobt, Bailey & Co., where you can get new spring dresses to select from.

BOBT, BAILEY & Co.

See the artistic "Maltawan" felt shoes and slippers, at R. S. C's.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED.—To try the Douglas \$3 shoe. They are last without nails, feel as smooth on the inside as a hand sewed, and just as easy. Complete stock at Brown Bros. Bargain store. Printed warrant with every pair.

The rapid manner in which goods are disposed of at the closing out sale, at Hugh McClellan's proclaims the sweeping character of price reductions.

Full line of felt shoes and slippers—both ladies' and gents', at Richardson's Shoe Co's.

Children's heel and spring heel rubbers only 25c at Brown Bros.

Stamped linen ties, tray cloths, throwings, scarfs, etc., finest assortment can be seen at J. M. Bostwick & Sons.

Buy the Douglas \$4 hand-sewed shoe style equal to any \$6 shoe made, and the service is guaranteed by the manufacturer. You will find a complete line of Douglas shoes at Brown Bros. Bargain shoe store.

—Outwage and sack business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

"HAPPY NEW YEAR"

To All Who Pay Cash for Groceries. Commencing Wednesday, January 2, 1889, I shall offer for the next 90 days, my entire stock of groceries at cost, and many articles below cost. I quote prices on a few articles that you may know I mean business:

Best Fine Granulated Sugar.....	75c
Best New Orleans Sugar.....	65c
Best Uncolored Japan Tea.....	40c
Choice Japan Tea worth 50c.....	30c
Best Combination Roasted Coffee.....	25c
Best Royal Java Coffee.....	25c
Best Green Coffee.....	25c
Good Green Coffee.....	15c
All the best Soap per lb.....	5c
Best Eating Potatoes per bushel.....	25c
All Baking Powders at cost.....	5c
Best Pig Tobacco.....	40c
Choice Pig Tobacco.....	30c
Choice Smoking Tobacco.....	15c
1st premium full cream Cheese.....	12c
New Michigan salt per bushel.....	45c
Best Cranberries per quart.....	30c
All canned goods and dried fruits at cost.....	12c
Best Headlight Oil.....	12c
Best Oyster Vinegar.....	15c
Best Eating Potatoes per bushel.....	25c
Best Eating Onions.....	50c
Best Cabbage per head.....	5c
5400 Matches.....	25c

400 barrels choice New York apples, all varieties, very cheap.

100 barrels pure Juice New York cider. All barrels flour at wholesale prices. Call early and leave your order and avoid the rush. This sale is positively no cash or approved notes.

Respectfully,
W. T. YANKIRK,
18 Main street.

THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

To Be Held at Lappin's Hall, Janesville, January 31st and February 1st.

An Interesting and Instructive Programme Arranged for the Occasion.

A session of the Wisconsin Farmers Institute will be held in this city on Thursday and Friday, January 31st and February 1st, the meeting being held in Lappin's hall. On Thursday, the first day, there will be three sessions, at 10 o'clock in the morning, at 1:30 in the afternoon, and at 7:30 in the evening. Governor Hoard will be present at the afternoon and evening session on Thursday, and in the evening will deliver an address. On Friday two sessions will be held—at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. It is anticipated that there will be a large attendance at these meetings, an excellent programme has been prepared, and many prominent men will take part in the proceedings. The programme as now officially arranged is as follows:—

THURSDAY, JANUARY 31.

Morning session at 10 o'clock.

Address of Welcome.....Hon. John W. Winans, Mayor.

Feetility—The Farmers' Bank.....H. C. Thom.

Clover and Grasses.....C. R. Beach.

Discussion.....

MUSIC.

Afternoon session at 1:30 o'clock.

Feetility.....Hon. John W. Winans, Mayor.

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IN HYMEN'S BONDS.

STRICKLER MYERS.

A quiet but pretty wedding was that at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Myers, North Main street, at high noon.

Mr. Frank B. Strickler, at Miss Rena V. Myers, daughter of the host and hostess, stood before a small company of relatives and the words that were to join the two in bonds of love, while life should endure were spoken by the Rev. Dr. M. G. Hodge.

At the close of the ceremony a tempting repast was served to the assembled guests. Congratulations both numerous and sincere were extended.

Mr. and Mrs. Strickler, who will make their home for a time at the Windsor, have hosts of friends among the young people of the Bower City, and if good wishes have their influence, the newly-wedded couple may rest in the expectancy of many happy years.

Mr. and Mrs. Strickler left on the afternoon train for Milwaukee and Chicago, intending to return on Saturday.

WATSON-HOBBS.

Married—Sunday the 6th inst. by Rev. Williams, William Watson and Nellie Hobbs, both of Pineau.

Mr. Watson is one of our most prominent young business men, and has the congratulations of the entire community.

He has long been a resident of this place, and by his gentlemanly conduct has endeared himself to all who are fortunate enough to enjoy his acquaintance.

His newly wed wife is one of the most esteemed young ladies of this place.

The minor crew wish them peace and happiness.—Pinos Altos (New Mexico) Miner.

Mr. Watson is agent of Mr. and Mrs. John Watson, of this city.

THE CURTIS DIRECTORY.

Under the above heading the Recorder in its recent issues, has gone out of its way to criticize, and find fault with the new city directory just published by Mr. W. F. Curtis.

The public are well aware of the fact that two directory publishers have been actively engaged during the past six weeks in competing for the directory trade of the city.

The newspaper offices have no interest in the rivalry, except as job printers, and the Gazette has refrained from taking any part in the controversy.

Inasmuch as the Recorder has taken the responsibility to attack Mr. Curtis' work and inure his business the Gazette will state a few facts that may not be known to the public.

Mr. Curtis' competitors first came to the city the latter part of July, 1888. The Gazette announced on the first day of August that agents for the firm were in the city looking over the ground preparatory to begin work.

This was six months ago. On the fifth day of December last Mr. Curtis came to the city, and after some investigation decided that the city needed a directory, and in a business like way, commenced work.

As a result the work was completed in less than seven weeks, and the wants of the people in this direction supplied.

The book contains some errors, who every saw a city directory that didn't. It also contains more valuable and fresh information than any similar work ever published in the city, it is well printed, on good paper, and neatly bound, and reflects credit upon the publisher.

The libelous circular distributed throughout the city by Mr. Curtis' competitors and the attack made upon his work by the Recorder, are a like contemptible, and will be so considered by all sensible people.

The following from the La Crosse Chronicle of the 18th instant will be read with interest by people who take any interest in the present controversy.

OUR DIRECTORY FRIENDS.

THEY HAVE GOT INTO A BIT OF A SCRAPE OVER AT OSHKOSH.

Bunn & Phillips, in issuing the Oshkosh directory, have perpetrated a trick, considerable worse than the similar one noted in this city in the directory previously issued by the Oshkosh firm.

Mr. Bunn appears in the directory as follows: Weber Bros., (g. and d. Weber) Directory publishers, 11 Main, bds. Revere house.

The offense consisted in failing to buy a copy of the directory although the parties to the case did not refuse, but were too busy to talk about it when the canvassers called.

In the La Crosse case the name and business were printed in small type without capitals, which could not be considered as libel or slander, but certainly the very worst of bad policy as Mr. Bunn had plenty of occasion to learn from remarks made to him by business men.

The case above cited is of a nature which the parties concerned feel called upon to resent and a suit for libel is to be commenced. There can be but one opinion about the propriety of the thing. It is not only an error in the book which might warrant its refusal by subscribers, but a threat to every man who does not buy a copy, and regarded in that light bears some resemblance to black mail. It ought to be resented.

Now, Doctors Conquer Death.

Dr. Walter K. Hammond says: "After a long experience I have come to the conclusion that two-thirds of all deaths from cough, pneumonia and consumption can be cured by Dr. J. C. Acker's English Balm Remedy for consumption only used in time. This wonderful remedy is sold under a positive guarantee by Prentice & Evenson, druggists."

THE WEATHER.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer indicated 19 degrees above zero.

Cloudy with south wind.

At one o'clock p. m. the register was 36 degrees above zero.

Clear with south wind. For the corresponding hours one year ago the register was 16 and 23 degrees above zero.

THE INAUGURATION.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company offers its patrons a splendid opportunity to visit Washington in March next, and participate in the inauguration ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President Harrison.

For that occasion tickets will be sold from all principal stations at the very low rate of one fare for the round trip. For full information regarding rates, dates of sale, etc., apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Diaries for 1889 at King & Skelly's bookstore.

CHICAGO TO CALIFORNIA.

Without change of cars.

The Santa Fe Route is now running a Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Car from Chicago to San Diego, via Los Angeles, without change. The train leaves Dearborn Station, Chicago, every night at 11 o'clock. This is a first-class train, and an unequalled accommodation for passengers. Office, 212 Clark street, corner Adams.

IN CHARITY'S CAUSE.

Janesville's Devotees of Terpsichore Join in Aiding a Good Work.

The Second Annual Benefit Party for the City Hospital a Success.

Charity was a grace easy of cultivation last evening. Never did the Goddess of Benevolence smile more sweetly or offer more tempting rewards to those who were in her train. Her scepter swayed over what seemed living waves of color and light, and her voice was the mellow note of flute and guitar.

That one was charitably inclined, meant not self denial. Instead, it lifted the curtains that hung over the Army door and brought to view the twice one hundred who joined in making Janesville's second annual Charity ball one of the successes of a no means dull season.

It was long before eight when the first carriage rolled up to the Army entrance. From that time on the arrivals were constant. By half past eight the throng began to hint at its ultimate proportions, and the seating facilities had long since been exhausted.

As the guests gathered themselves about the hall the picture presented was a brilliant one. The somber vesta of the gentlemen was relieved by glimpses of color, shown by the gentler sex, the many handsome toilettes being given new brilliancy by the ground work of white.

That Mrs. C. S. Crosby, Mr. Ed. Tallman, Mrs. J. L. Ford, Mrs. David Watt, Mr. Herb. V. Allen, Mr. R. M. Bostwick, and Mr. W. P. Sayler, who made up the committee on decorations had done their duty faithfully and with marked taste one glance sufficed to show.

Over each entrance hung looped curtains, and the supper room was half hidden by heavy masses of bunting that fell in graceful folds. National flags, flowers, mirrors and paintings hid from view much of the walls and on the south side of the room was a gracefully lettered banner:

CHARITY
LIKE THE SUN
SHINES ON EVERY ONE.

The band stand, which stood beneath a canopy of the national colors, showed a border of potted plants and at nine o'clock through the foliage there floated the strains of the orchestral overture.

As the music died away President Stanley B. Smith rose, as he said, on a mission of disappointment. "If Janesville ever needed a hospital," he said, "she needed one now after the misfortunes that the hospital association have suffered."

He continued by explaining that they had been unable to secure a piano, that a number who were to have taken part in the evening's programme were unable to appear, and he had been interrupted in the preparation of his own address by "circumstances over which for the time being, at least, he had little control."

He would therefore introduce to the audience Mayor Winans, who would deliver the address of the evening.

Mayor Winans arose with a smile. "The president perpetrated a huge joke," he said, "when he tells you that I will make the address of the evening. The fact of the matter is I have been very busy in court, and when I came home to dinner to-day Mrs. Winans said: 'John, you know our party comes off to-night and you are expected to make an address?'"

"Great Heaven," said I, "is that so? I shouldn't be able to prepare anything. And if I did, what would there be that I could say?"

"She went on to give some suggestions as to what would be proper to say on an occasion of this kind, and I asked her to jot them down that I might examine them when I returned from court. She did so, and I have not even had time since to look it over or commit it to memory. I have the manuscript here, and with your permission I will read Mr. Winans' speech."

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am laboring under more than my usual embarrassment this evening, from the fact that I had understood that all that was expected of me was to introduce to you a gentleman at one time, well and favorably known in our city. I wish now to say how many years, under existing circumstances.

He is associated with our city hospital, knows its needs and workings, and could, if he would, tell us all about it. If the programme has been changed to a few remarks from him and an address from me.

In inquiry, why the change, various reasons were assigned by various ladies, which were really amusing to me, and will be to you, but—well, I guess I will not repeat them, excepting one, and that was: "He is not quite his former self."

When I asked the ladies if they really expected me to read an address, I was told on an occasion when the public are here to enjoy instrumental and vocal music, and join in the dance, they replied: "Why, no, only a few words of cheer and